

Supporting Pediatric to Adult Healthcare Transitions

**January 16, 2026 | Washington County
Core Team Meeting**

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VCHIP
VERMONT CHILD HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

The logo for the Vermont Child Health Improvement Program (VCHIP) is displayed. It features the acronym 'VCHIP' in large, bold, dark green letters. The letter 'I' is replaced by a yellow vertical bar with horizontal lines. Below the acronym, the full name 'VERMONT CHILD HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM' is written in a smaller, dark green, sans-serif font. The background of the slide is a photograph of three young children sitting in a field of tall grass, looking towards the camera. The scene is brightly lit, suggesting a sunny day.

Disclaimers

The Vermont Child Health Improvement Program (VCHIP) is funded in part with monies provide by or through the State of Vermont. The State does not necessarily endorse the researchers' findings or conclusions. The findings and/or conclusions may be inconsistent with the State's policies, programs, and objectives.

Today's Presenters



Alyssa Consigli *Project Director and Quality Improvement Coach, Vermont Child Health Improvement Program (VCHIP)*



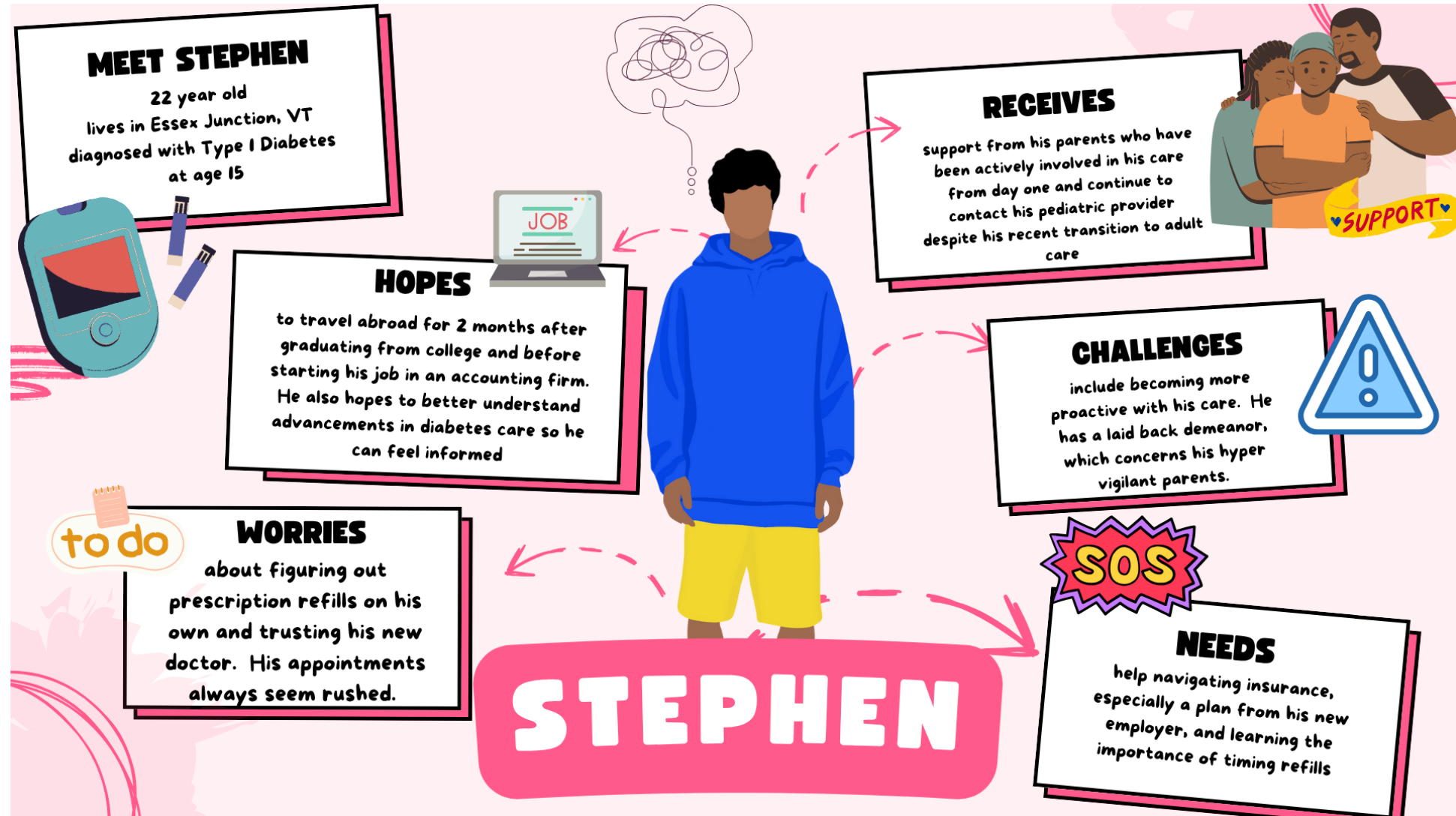
Michelle Rovnak *Project Coordinator, Vermont Child Health Improvement Program (VCHIP)*

Today's Objectives

- Share best practices in pediatric to adult healthcare transitions
- Highlight innovative work to improve handoffs
- Empower interdisciplinary teams to actively collaborate with clinicians through the transition journey



Meet Stephen



Health Care Transitions (HCT)

Process of moving from a child/family centered model of healthcare to an adult/patient centered model of health care...

Goals:

- Improve the ability of youth to manage their own health care and effectively use health services
- Ensure an organized process in pediatric and adult health care practices to facilitate transition preparation, transfer of care, and integration into adult centered health care

Problems Encountered without coordinated HCT

- Medication/treatment adherence
- Medical complications
- Discontinuity of care
- Patient dissatisfaction
- Expensive health care utilization
(Emergency Dept.; Urgent Care)
- Reduced quality of care
- Medical errors



Barriers to Transition

Patient Based

Anxiety & fear

Negative belief about adult health care

Lack of interest in healthcare

Competing priorities & other life transitions

Socioeconomic status

System Based

Lack of communication and coordination

Access issues & finding a provider

Insurance issues (loss of coverage)

Provider knowledge & comfort gaps

Inadequate prep and clinical support

Got Transitions

SIX CORE ELEMENTS™ APPROACH AND TIMELINE FOR YOUTH TRANSITIONING FROM PEDIATRIC TO ADULT HEALTH CARE



Our Approach



Youth & Family Engagement

Build skills and knowledge to support self management



Training and Education

Build workforce knowledgeable on how to provide high quality youth supported care



Strengthening partnerships

Supporting Pediatric and Adult collaboration to improve coordination and communication



Clinical implementation of Got Transitions

Interdisciplinary teams utilizing quality improvement methodology to implement transition improvements

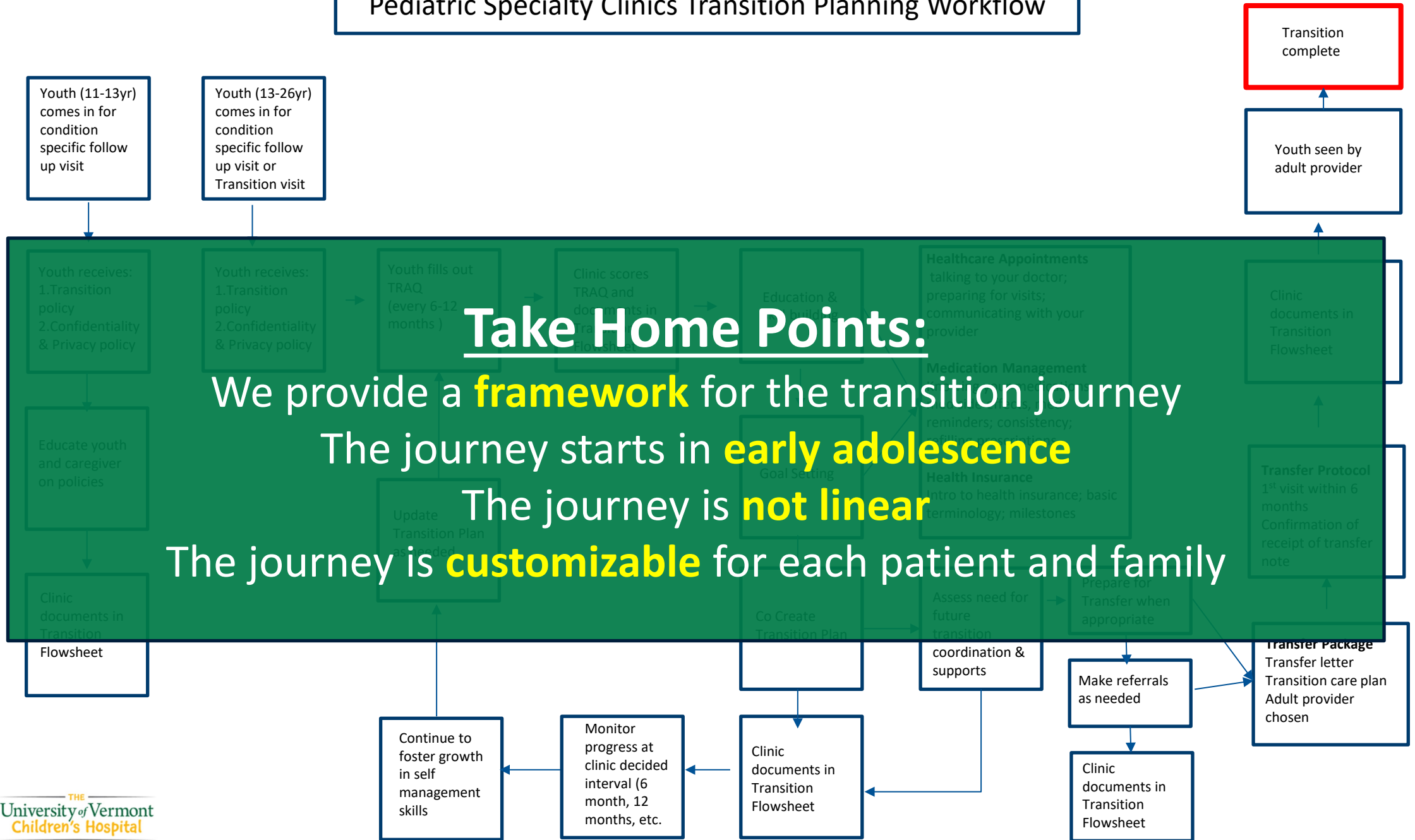


Vermont Child Health Improvement Program

Process Mapping



Pediatric Specialty Clinics Transition Planning Workflow



Youth Engagement Strategy

- Motivational Interviewing
 - Guiding style of communication
 - Empowers people to make change
 - Be curious, not judgmental
- Utilize technology when possible



Image from <https://slate.com/culture/2023/06/ted-lasso-finale-season-3-defense-depression.html>

Transition Readiness Assessment Questionnaire

Directions to Youth and Young Adults: Please check the box that best describes your skill level in the following areas that are important for transition to adult health care. There is no right or wrong <u>answer</u> and your answers will remain confidential and private.	No, I do not know how	No, but I want to learn	No, but I am learning to do this	Yes, I have started doing this	Yes, I always do this when I need to
Directions to Caregivers/Parents: If your youth or young adult is unable to complete the tasks below on their own, please check the box that best describes your skill level.					
MANAGING MEDICATIONS					
1. Do you fill a prescription if you need to?					
2. Do you know what to do if you are having a bad reaction to your medications?					
3. Do you reorder medications before they run out?					
4. Do you explain any medications (name and dose) you are taking to healthcare providers?					
5. Do you speak with the pharmacist about drug interactions or other concerns related to your medications?					
APPOINTMENT KEEPING					
1. Do you call the doctor's office to make an appointment?					
2. Do you follow-up on referrals for tests or check-ups or labs?					
3. Do you arrange for your ride to medical appointments?					
4. Do you call the doctor about unusual changes in your health (for example, allergic reactions)?					
5. Do you ask for help or assistance if you lose your glasses?					
6. Do you fill out the medical history form, including a list of your allergies?					
7. Do you tell the doctor or nurse what you are feeling?					
8. Do you tell the doctor or nurse whether you followed their advice or recommendations?					
9. Do you make or help make medical decisions pertaining to your health?					
10. Do you attend your medical appointments as part of your appointment with yourself?					
11. Do you ask questions of your nurse or doctor about your health or health care?					
12. Do you ask questions of your healthcare provider or staff?					
13. Do you tell the doctor or nurse if you do not understand their instructions to you?					
14. Do you explain your health history to your healthcare providers (i.e. past surgeries, allergies, and medications)?					
Please select how you feel about the following statements:					
How important is it to you to manage your own health care?					
How confident do you feel about your ability to manage your own health care?					
Please check this box if you are the person completing this form <input type="checkbox"/>					

Take Home Points:
 Readiness to change
 Strength based
 Dynamic and longitudinal
 Patient centered

Importance and Confidence

Please circle how you feel about the following statements

	Not at all important	Not too important	Somewhat important	Important	Very Important
How important is it to you to manage your own health care?	1	2	3	4	5
How confident do you feel about your ability to manage your own health care?	1	2	3	4	5

Your Connections to HCT

- Inter-disciplinary collaborations are just beginning to be recognized
- Special educators and transition coordinators are vital contributors to care teams
- Your involvement improves outcomes in **independent living**, employment, and post secondary education

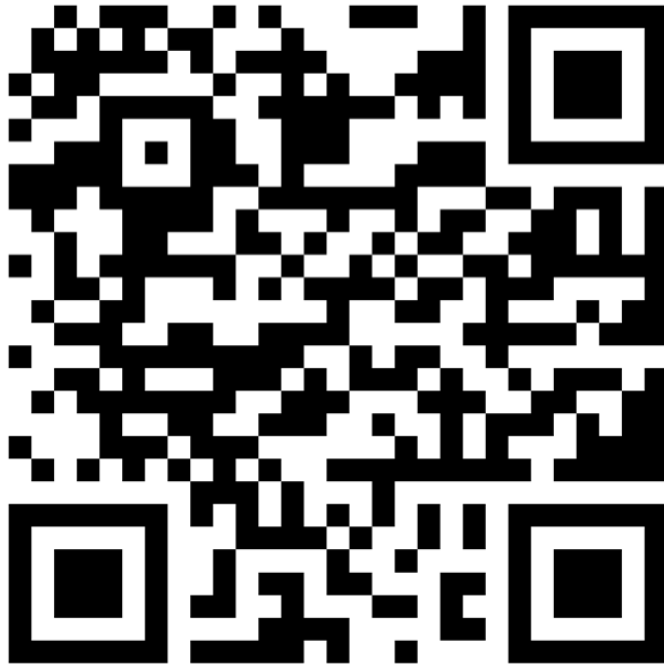
How YOU Can Contribute to HCT

- Integrate HCT into IEP Planning
- Promote person centered planning
- Foster interagency collaboration
- Embed skill building into academic and career development
- Engage families in transition planning

Got Transitions Tools

- Health Care Transition Readiness Assessment for Students with an IEP
- Health Care Transition Sample Goals

HCT Readiness Assessment for Students with an IEP



Pediatric to Adult Health Care Transition Tool | Health Care Transition Readiness Assessment for Students

This health care transition readiness assessment is intended for students and their family/caregivers to complete as part of IEP transition planning meetings. If a student is unable to fill out this form, the student can complete it with the help of their family/caregiver.

Directions: Please check the box next to the answer that best applies to you right now. This helps us see what you already know about your health and using health care and areas that you need to learn more about.

Student Name: _____ Student Date of Birth: _____
Completed By: _____ Date Completed: _____

Personal Care (related to dressing, eating, bathing, and moving)

- I am able to care for all my needs
- I need a little bit of help to care for my needs
- I need a lot of help to care for my needs
- I need help to care for all my needs

Use of Communication Supports

- Text-to-speech technology
- Assistive Listening Systems
- ASL/Interpretation technology
- Other technology:
- I do not use communication supports

Transition Importance & Confidence

On a scale of 0 to 10, please circle the number that best describes how you feel right now.

**The transition to a doctor who cares for adults usually occurs between ages 18-22.*

How important is it to you to move to a doctor who cares for adults by age 22*?

0 (not)	1	2	3	4	5 (neutral)	6	7	8	9	10 (very)
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How confident do you feel about your ability move to a doctor who cares for adults by age 22*?

0 (not)	1	2	3	4	5 (neutral)	6	7	8	9	10 (very)
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My Health

Please check the box that applies to you right now.

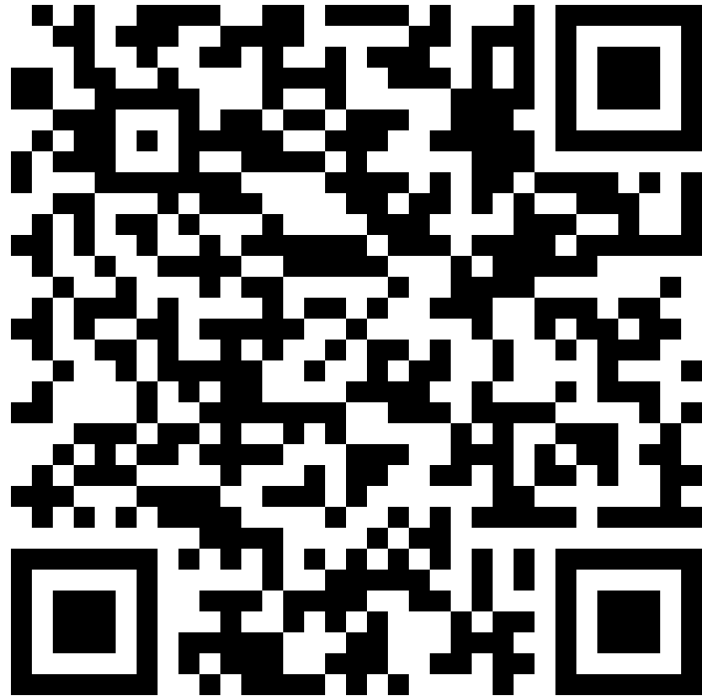
	Yes	I want to learn	No
I can name my learning differences, disability, medical, or mental health diagnosis (e.g. diabetes, depression).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I can name 2-3 people who can help me with my intellectual differences, disability, medical, or mental health needs in an emergency.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Before a doctor's visit, I prepare questions to ask.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know to ask the doctor's office for accommodations, if needed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I have a way to get to my doctor's office.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know the name(s) of my doctor(s).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know or I can find my doctor's phone number.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know how to make my doctor's appointments.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I carry my health information with me every day (e.g. insurance card, emergency phone numbers).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know my food allergies.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

My Medicines

Please check the box that applies to you right now.

	Yes	I want to learn	No
I know the name of the medicines I take.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know the amount of the medicines I take.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know when I need to take my medicines.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know how to read and follow the direction labels on my medicines.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know what to do when I run out of my medicines.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
I know my medicine allergies.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Sample HCT Goals for Students with an IEP



Sample Goals for the Health Care Transition Readiness Assessment for Students with an IEP

If a student has responded “No” or “I want to learn” to any of the items on the Health Care Transition Readiness Assessment, please use the following sample goals as a guide when creating goals in the IEP transition plan.

HCT READINESS ASSESSMENT ITEM	SAMPLE GOAL
MY HEALTH	
I can name my learning differences, disability, medical, or mental health diagnosis (e.g. diabetes, depression).	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will say aloud and/or spell out and/or enter into their cell phone the name(s) of their medical or mental health diagnosis(es), with ___% accuracy.
I can name 2-3 people who can help with my intellectual differences, disability, medical, or mental health needs in an emergency.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will input their emergency contacts’ information on their phone and name and identify the contacts in their phone when asked, with ___% accuracy.
Before a doctor’s visit, I prepare questions to ask.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will prepare and practice asking a few questions to their doctor before their next appointment, with ___% accuracy.
I know to ask the doctor’s office for accommodations, if needed.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will identify which accommodations they need to request at a doctor’s office, with ___% accuracy.
I have a way to get to my doctor’s office.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will plan transportation to their doctor’s office ahead of time, with ___% accuracy.
I know the name(s) of my doctor(s).	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will input their doctor’s contact information on their phone and name and identify their doctor in their phone when asked, with ___% accuracy.
I know or I can find my doctor’s phone number.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will name and identify their doctor in their phone when asked, with ___% accuracy.
I know how to make my doctor’s appointments.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will know how to call their doctor’s office or use an online portal to schedule a future appointment, with ___% accuracy.
I carry my health information with me every day (e.g. insurance card, emergency phone numbers).	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will keep their insurance card safely in their wallet/backpack or take a photo of it and store it on their phone and be able to retrieve the insurance card when asked, with ___% accuracy.
I know my food allergies.	By the end of the IEP cycle, student will be able to say aloud and/or spell out and/or enter into their cell phone the name(s) of the foods they are allergic to, with ___% accuracy.

Resources for Families

Got Transition

<https://www.gottransition.org/>

American College of Physicians

<https://www.acponline.org>

(navigate to Pediatric to Adult
Care Transitions Initiative)

VCHIP

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Resources & Research

YOUTH & FAMILIES

Decision-Making and Guardianship

- National Resource Center for Supported Decision-Making
- Center on Youth Voice, Youth Choice (CYVC)
- Understanding Supported Decision-Making and Alternatives to Guardianship by Quality Trust
- Charting the Life Course Tool for Exploring Decision Making Supports by the University of Missouri-Kansas City Institute for Human Development
- Supported Decision-Making Resource Library from the American Civil Liberties Union
- The Right to Make Choices: International Laws and Decision-Making by People with Disabilities by the Autistic Self Advocacy Network

Got Transition Resources

- Turning 18: What It Means for Your Health [En Español]

Finding and Using Adult Health Care

- Finding Adult Providers by the American Academy of Pediatrics' Illinois Chapter
- Transition to Adult Care from PACER's National Parent Center on Transition and Employment



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ACP Pediatric to Adult Care Transitions Initiative

About This Project

Condition-Specific Tools

HOME > CLINICAL INFORMATION > HIGH VALUE CARE > RESOURCES FOR CLINICIANS > PEDIATRIC TO ADULT CARE TRANSITIONS INITIATIVE > CONDITION-SPECIFIC TOOLS

Condition-Specific Tools

The ACP Pediatric to Adult Care Transitions Toolkit contains disease-specific tools that are critical for the young adult in transition to be aware of and understand in order to successfully achieve optimal self-care as an emerging adult.

Each set of tools was required to include at least the three minimum elements described below, which have been customized to include disease/condition-specific elements that are an important part of the transition process for emerging adults in learning self-care. Practices utilizing these tools should also consider incorporating some of the generic tools from the Got Transition Six Core Elements in establishing a process and procedures for pediatric patient transitioning to adult care. The disease/condition-specific sets of tools found below on this page contain the following customized elements, at a minimum:

- **Transition Readiness Assessment** - an assessment tool intended to be utilized by the pediatric care team or other clinicians caring for youth to begin the conversation about the youth's needed skills to manage their health and health care. The tool is used to evaluate the youth's current knowledge about and ability to manage his/her health condition. This tool indicates the elements specifically related to the clinical condition that should be assessed and documented by the transferring pediatric practice. This tool can be revisited and utilized as a teaching and training aid to ensure that these items have been mastered by the time the young adult is ready to transfer to adult care.
- **Medical Summary/Transfer Record** - a summary of the key medical record elements that contains the essential information needed for communication between pediatric and adult clinicians for the specific patient including pertinent disease-specific information. This is to be completed by the pediatric or other sending clinician, shared with

Takeaways

- The healthcare system is **complex**
- Young adults are a **unique** patient population with established care team relationships
- Transition is an **individualized** journey
- **Education** and **coaching** are key components
- **Collaboration** across sectors is essential

Acknowledgements

A special thank you to our:

- Patient and family advisors
- Project collaborators
- Vermont Dept. of Health

References

- Maternal and Child Health Bureau in the Healthy People 2010 initiative.
- American Academy of Pediatrics, American Academy of Family Physicians, American College of Physicians-American Society of Internal Medicine. A consensus statement on health care transitions for young adults with special health care needs. *Pediatrics* 2002;110 (6):1304-1306. 6.
- Sanders RA, Kuo DZ, Levey EB, Cheng TL. Transitioning adolescents to adult care and adulthood: is it time yet? *Contemp Pediatr* 2009;26(11):46-52. 7.
- McDonagh JE, Kelly DA. Transitioning care of the pediatric recipient to adult caregivers. *Pediatr Clin North Am* 2003;50(6):1561-1583.
- [Health Care Transition Skill Building in School: Tools for Students ...](#)
- [Bridging the Gap: Supporting Healthcare Transitions for Students with ...](#)
- [Supporting Students with Disabilities in Transitioning to Adulthood](#)
- [Promoting Successful Transitions for Students with Disabilities - ed](#)



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<https://www.uvm.edu/larnermed/vchip/transitions-care-pediatric-adult-focused-care>

Questions for Consideration

- What roles do special educators, Vocational rehab professionals, and other supporters currently play in supporting healthcare transitions? What tools or strategies are you using?
- Where do you see gaps in communication or coordination between education, rehab, and healthcare providers? Where do you see redundancies?
- What training do educators and other health care professionals need to feel confident supporting healthcare transitions?
- What does successful collaboration across sectors look like in your experience? Any examples?